

Multiplication - Grid Method (HTU x U)

The grid method works by partitioning and then adding.

An approximate answer is found first, by rounding to the nearest 100. A grid is then drawn. The **partitioned number** is placed in the grid and **multiplied**. The **products (answers to the times sums in the grid)** are then added to find the **answer**. You can use any mental or written method for adding the product.

e.g. $326 \times 5 = 1304$ Approximate Answer: $300 \times 5 = 1500$

x	300	20	6	
4	1200	80	24	1304

$$1200 + 80 + 24 = 1304$$

Work out these multiplication sums using the grid method.

1) $243 \times 3 =$

Approx. Answer: $200 \times 3 =$

x	200	40	3	
3				
	+	+	=	

2) $536 \times 5 =$

Approx. Answer: $500 \times 5 =$

x	500	30	6	
5				
	+	+	=	

3) $671 \times 4 =$

Approx. Answer: $700 \times 4 =$

x	600	70	1	
4				
	+	+	=	

4) $289 \times 6 =$

Approx. Answer: $300 \times 6 =$

x	200	80	9	
6				
	+	+	=	

5) $361 \times 9 =$

Approx. Answer: $400 \times 9 =$

x	300	60	1	
9				

6) $723 \times 2 =$

Approx. Answer: $700 \times 2 =$

x	700	20	3	
2				

7) $510 \times 3 =$

Approx. Answer:

x	500	10	
3			

8) $609 \times 8 =$

Approx. Answer:

x	600	9	
8			

9) $539 \times 7 =$

Approx. Answer:

x				

10) $212 \times 8 =$

Approx. Answer:

x				

11) $316 \times 4 =$

Approx. Answer:

x				

12) $408 \times 5 =$

Approx. Answer:

x				

13) $530 \times 9 =$

Approx. Answer:

x				

14) $907 \times 8 =$

Approx. Answer:

x				

15) $673 \times 4 =$

16) $354 \times 6 =$